COVID-19 IN RURAL SOUTH CAROLINA

SEPTEMBER 2021

18.9%

of all COVID-19 cases

of all hospitalizations

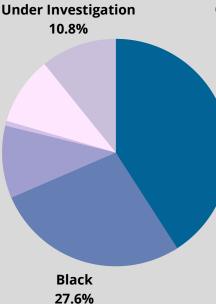
23.1% 24.4%

of all COVID-19

Rural areas in South Carolina see higher rates of COVID-19 cases, hospitalizations, and deaths

Unknown 9.7% Asian/Al/Hawaiian 0.7% Other

10.3%



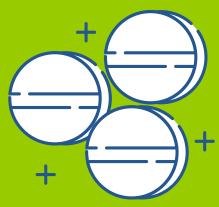
COVID-19 in Rural South Carolina, by Race

> White 40.9%

Blacks see higher rates of COVID-19 in rural areas compared to urban areas (27.6% in

> rural *vs.* 19.0% in urban)







Individuals living in rural South Carolina who are diagnosed with COVID-19 are on average, older, with more comorbid conditions, and more likely to be hospitalized when compared to those in urban areas.



COVID-19 has disproportionately affected those living in rural areas. Individuals are seeing higher rates of cases, hospitalizations, and deaths.

It is important for individuals in rural areas to get vaccinated to help reduce the spread.



PRODUCED BY THE BUREAU OF POPULATION HEALTH **DATA ANALYTICS & INFORMATICS**

DATA ARE PROVISIONAL DATA AS OF 11:59 PM ON 9/1/2021